## MATHEMATICS Key Stage 2 Year 3

| Key Stage | Strand | Objective | Child Speak Target | Greater Depth Target |
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| KS 2 Y3 | Number Place Value |  |  |  |
| KS 2 Y3 | Number Place Value | [KEY] Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8,50 and 100. | I can count from 0 in steps of 4, 8, 50 and 100. | I can count confidently from 0 in steps of 4, 8,50 and 100. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Number Place Value | [KEY] Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. | I can find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. | I can find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number when working with money or measures. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Number Place Value | [KEY] Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones). | I know what each digit means in three-digit numbers such as 204. | I know what each digit means in three-digit numbers such as 204 and I can use this to solve mental calculations. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Number Place Value | Compare and order numbers up to 1000. | I can compare and order numbers up to 1000. | I can compare and order numbers up to 1000 and apply this to real-life situations. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Number Place Value | Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. | I can identify and estimate numbers in different units such as length ( mm and m ) and weight ( $g$ and kg ). | I can identify, estimate and calculate numbers in different units such as length ( mm and m ) and weight ( $g$ and kg ). |
| KS 2 Y3 | Number Place Value | Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words. | I read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words. | I read and write numbers up to 1000, including decimal values, in numerals and in words. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Number Place Value | [KEY] Solve number problems and practical problems involving working with and estimating numbers up to 1000 in a variety of units. | I can solve number problems, working with numbers up to 1000 and in different units of measurement. | I can solve more complex number problems, working with numbers up to 1000 and in different units of measurement. |
| KS 2 Y 3 | Addition Subtraction |  |  |  |
| KS 2 Y3 | Addition Subtraction | [KEY] Add and subtract numbers mentally, including three-digit number and ones. | I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as 432-7. | I can rapidly add and subtract numbers in my head, inc/uding questions such as 762-7. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Addition <br> Subtraction | [KEY] Add and subtract numbers mentally, including three-digit number and tens. | I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as 432-70. | I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as 402-70 rapidly. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Addition Subtraction | [KEY] Add and subtract numbers mentally, including three-digit number and hundreds. | I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as 432-300. | I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as 732-300 in different contexts. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Addition Subtraction | Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction. | I can use written methods to add or subtract two three-digit numbers. | I can use written methods to add or subtract two three-digit numbers independently. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Addition | Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. | I can estimate the answer to a question before I work it out and then use inverse operations to check the | I can accurately estimate the answer to a question before I work it out and then use inverse operations |


|  | Subtraction |  | answer when I have finished. | to check the answer when I have finished. |
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| KS 2 Y3 | Addition Subtraction | Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. | I solve problems such as missing numbers (for example, 452-?= 122) using my knowledge of number facts and methods of addition and subtraction. | I solve harder problems such as missing numbers using my knowledge of number facts and methods of addition and subtraction. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Multiplication Division |  |  |  |
| KS 2 Y3 | Multiplication Division | [KEY] Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables. | 1 know my 3, 4 and 8 times tables. | I can use my 3, 4 and 8 times tables quickly to solve problems. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Multiplication Division | [KEY] Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for twodigit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods. | I can answer multiplication and division questions such as $16 \times 5$ or 45 divided by 9 . | I can answer a range of problems involving multiplication and division. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Multiplication Division | Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects. | I can solve more complex problems and missing number questions involving multiplication and division. | I can solve more complex problems and missing number questions involving multiplication and division and begin to identify rules and patterns. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions |  |  |  |
| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions | [KEY] Count up and down in tenths. | I can count up and down in tenths. | I can quickly count up and down in tenths in different contexts. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions | [KEY] Recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10. | I know that tenths can be found by dividing an object or shape into ten equal parts or by dividing numbers by 10. | I can calculate and solve problems involving tenths. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions | [KEY] Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. | I can find a fraction (such as $2 / 5$ or $3 / 4$ ) of a set of objects. | I can find a fraction (such as $2 / 7$ or $3 / 8$ ) of amounts and use this in other subjects. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions | Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. | I know how to find fractions of a number or shape such as $3 / 5,1 / 4$ or $4 / 6$. | I know how to find fractions of a number or shape such as $3 / 8,1 / 7$ or $4 / 12$ and use this to solve problems. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions | [KEY] Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators. | I can show that some fractions have the same value such as $1 / 2,3 / 6$ and $5 / 10$ or $1 / 3$ and $3 / 9$. | I can show and compare many different fractions that mean the same. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions | Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $5 / 7+1 / 7=6 / 7$ ]. | I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator [for example, 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7]. | I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator [for example, $5 / 12+1 / 12=6 / 12$ ] and use this in practically in other subjects. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions | Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same | I can compare and order unit fractions, and fractions | I can compare and order unit fractions, and fractions |


|  |  | denominators. | with the same denominators. | with the same denominators saying which is largest or smallest. |
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| KS 2 Y3 | Fractions | Solve problems that involve my understanding of fractions. | I solve problems that finding, ordering or comparing fractions. | I solve more difficult problems that finding, ordering or comparing fractions. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement |  |  |  |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | [KEY] Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg, g); volume, capacity (I, ml). | I can measure and compare in these units: lengths $(m, c m, m m)$, weight ( $\mathrm{kg}, \mathrm{g}$ ) and capacity ( $\mathrm{l}, \mathrm{ml}$ ). | I can measure and compare in these units: lengths ( $m, \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~mm}$ ); weight ( $\mathrm{kg}, \mathrm{g}$ ) and capacity ( $\mathrm{l}, \mathrm{ml}$ ) and use this to solve practical problems. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes. | I can measure the perimeter of a 2-D shape such as a square or triangle. | I can measure the perimeter of larger scale 2-D shapes using the correct units of measurements. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | [KEY] Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and $p$ in practical contexts. | I can work on money problems, adding and subtracting amounts of money and working out how much change is left. I use both $£$ and p in my problems. | I can work on more difficult money problems, adding and subtracting amounts of money and working out how much change is left. I use both $£$ and $p$ in my problems. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | [KEY] Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks. | I can tell and write the time from a clock with numbers or Roman numerals or using 12 and 24 hour clocks. | I can tell and write the time from a clock with numbers or Roman numerals or using 12 and 24 hour clocks and use this to solve problems. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. | I can tell the time accurately to the nearest minute. | I can tell the time accurately without help to the nearest minute and use this to measure real-life events. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours. | I can measure and record time passing in seconds, minutes and hours. | I can record, compare and order time passing in seconds, minutes and hours. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight. | I know and use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight in my maths work. | I know and use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m, p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight in different subjects. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. | I know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. | I know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year and can calculate how many days or how many minutes it is until an event |
| KS 2 Y3 | Measurement | Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]. | I can calculate how long an event or task took to complete. | I can calculate how long real-life events lasted [for example in science] or task took to complete. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Shape |  |  |  |
| KS 2 Y3 | Shape | Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials. | I draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials. | I draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials by identifying the 2-D shapes needed. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Shape | Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them. | I recognise and can describe 3-D shapes even when | I recognise 3-D shapes that make up larger objects |


|  |  |  | they have been turned about in different ways. | when they have been turned around and describe them using mathematical language. |
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| KS 2 Y3 | Shape | Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. | I know an angle is used to measure how far something turns. An angle is also the point in a 2-D shape. | I know an angle is used to measure how far something turns and say whether it is more or less than a quarter or half turn. An angle is also the point in a 2-D shape. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Shape | [KEY] Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a halfturn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn. | I know what a right angle is and I know that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four right angles make a complete turn. | I know what a right angle is and I know that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four right angles make a complete turn and can use this to solve problems |
| KS 2 Y3 | Shape | [KEY] Identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. | I can tell whether an angle is greater than or less than a right angle. | I can tell whether an angle is greater than or less than a right angle, and can order them from smallest to largest. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Shape | Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. | I know when a line is horizontal or vertical or when two lines are perpendicular or parallel. | I can find all of the horizontal or vertical and parallel lines in a 2-D regular shape or a complex pattern. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Statistics |  |  |  |
| KS 2 Y3 | Statistics | [KEY] Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. | I can answer questions about bar charts, pictograms and tables and make my own bar charts, pictograms and tables. | I can answer questions about bar charts, pictograms and tables and make my own bar charts, pictograms and tables in different subject areas. |
| KS 2 Y3 | Statistics | Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. | I can answer maths problems such as 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?' by finding the information in bar charts, pictograms and tables. | I can answer more complex two-step problems from reading information in bar charts, pictograms and tables. |

